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**Członek EOTA**

## European Technical Approval

**ETA-06/0105**

English language translation - the original version is in Polish language

**Nazwa handlowa**

*Trade name*

**WKREĆ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 i WKREĆ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10**

*WKREĆ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 and WKREĆ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10*

**Właściciel aprobaty**

*Holder of approval*

**WKREĆ-MET sp. z o.o. sp. komandytowa**

**ul. Wincentego Witosa 170/176**

**Kuźnica Kiedrzyńska**

**PL 42-233 Mykanów, Poland**

**Rodzaj i przeznaczenie wyrobu**

*Generic type and use  
of construction products*

**Łączniki tworzywowe do mocowania warstwy  
izolacyjnej ociepleń ścian zewnętrznych w  
podłożu murowym**

*Nailed-in plastic anchors for fixing of external thermal  
insulation composite systems with rendering in masonry*

**Termin ważności**

*Valid*

**od**

*from*

**28. 03. 2012**

**do**

*to*

**28. 03. 2017**

**Zakład produkcyjny**

*Manufacturing plant*

**KLIMAS WKREĆ-MET Sp. z o.o.**

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**PL 42-260 Kamienica Polska, Poland**

**Niniejsza Europejska**

**Aprobata Techniczna zawiera**

*This European Technical  
Approval contains*

**17 stron, w tym 7 Załączników**

*17 pages including 7 Annexes*

**Niniejsza Europejska**

**Aprobata Techniczna zastępuje**

*This European Technical  
Approval replaces*

**ETA-06/0105 ważną od 29.09.2006 do 29.09.2011**

*ETA-06/0105 with validity from 29.09.2006 to 29.09.2011*



Europejska Organizacja ds. Aprobatach Technicznych

European Organisation for Technical Approvals

## I LEGAL BASES AND GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. This European Technical Approval is issued by Instytut Techniki Budowlanej in accordance with:
  - Council Directive 89/106/EEC of 21 December 1988 on the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of Member States relating to construction products<sup>1</sup>, amended by the Council Directive 93/68/EEC of 22 July 1993<sup>2</sup>;
  - ustawa z dnia 16 kwietnia 2004 r. o wyrobach budowlanych (law on construction products from 16<sup>th</sup> April 2004)<sup>3</sup>;
  - rozporządzenie Ministra Infrastruktury z dnia 14 października 2004 r. w sprawie europejskich aprobat technicznych oraz polskich jednostek organizacyjnych upoważnionych do ich wydawania (regulation of Ministry of Infrastructure of 14<sup>th</sup> October 2004 on the European Technical Approvals and Polish bodies entitled to issue them)<sup>4</sup>;
  - Common Procedural Rules for Requesting, Preparing and the Granting of European Technical Approvals set out in the Annex of Commission Decision 94/23/EC<sup>5</sup>;
  - Guideline for European Technical Approval of „*Plastic Anchors for Fixing of External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with Rendering*”, ETAG 014, Edition January 2002 (amended February 2011).
2. Instytut Techniki Budowlanej is authorized to check whether the provisions of this European Technical Approval are met. Checking may take place in the manufacturing plant. Nevertheless, the responsibility for the conformity of the products to the European Technical Approval and for their fitness for the intended use remains with the holder of the European Technical Approval.
3. This European Technical Approval is not to be transferred to manufacturers or agents of manufacturers other than those indicated on page 1, or manufacturing plants other than those indicated on page 1 of this European Technical Approval.
4. This European Technical Approval may be withdrawn by Instytut Techniki Budowlanej, in particular after information by the Commission on the basis of Article 5 (1) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC.
5. Reproduction of this European Technical Approval including transmission by electronic means shall be in full. However, partial reproduction can be made with the written consent of Instytut Techniki Budowlanej. In this case partial reproduction has to be designated as such. Texts and drawings of advertising brochures shall not contradict or misuse the European Technical Approval.
6. The European Technical Approval is issued by the approval body in its official language. This version corresponds to the version circulated within EOTA. Translations into other languages have to be designated as such.

<sup>1</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities № L 40, 11.02.1989, p. 12

<sup>2</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities № L 220, 30.08.1993, p. 1

<sup>3</sup> Official Journal of Polish Republic № 92/2004, pos. 881

<sup>4</sup> Official Journal of Polish Republic № 237/2004, pos. 2375

<sup>5</sup> Official Journal of the European Communities № L 17, 20.01.1994, p. 34

## **II SPECIFIC CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN TECHNICAL APPROVAL**

### **1 Definition of product and intended use**

#### **1.1 Definition of product**

The WKREȚ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 nailed-in plastic anchor consists of ŁF10 anchor sleeve with a plate made of polypropylene and an accompanying specific T nail as an expansion pin made of the glass fibre reinforced polyamide.

The WKREȚ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10 nailed-in plastic anchor consists of a ŁF10 anchor sleeve with a plate made of polypropylene and an accompanying specific TN nail as an expansion pin made of galvanised steel with head coating of polyamide.

The plastic anchor sleeve is expanded by hammering a nail, which press the sleeve against the wall of the drilled hole.

The WKREȚ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 and WKREȚ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10 anchors may in addition be combined with the plate TDX-90, TDX-P-90, TDX-140 and TDX-P-140 shown in Annexes 6 and 7.

The installed anchor is shown in Annex 1.

#### **1.2 Intended use**

The anchors are intended to be used for anchorages for which requirements for safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirement 4 of Council Directive 89/106/EEC shall be fulfilled and failure of anchorages made with these products would cause low risk to human life. The anchors are to be used only as multiple fixing for the anchorage of bonded external thermal insulation composite systems (ETICS) according to ETAG 004 in masonry. The substrate (base material) shall consist of masonry walls according to Table 6, Annex 5.

The anchor may only be used for transmission of wind suction loads and shall not be used for the transmission of dead loads of the thermal insulation composite system. The dead loads have to be transmitted by the bonding of the thermal insulation composite system.

The provisions made in this European Technical Approval are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 25 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or Approval Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

### **2 Characteristics of product and methods of verification**

#### **2.1 Characteristics of product**

The anchors correspond to the drawings and information given in Annexes 1, 2 and 3. The characteristic material values, dimensions and tolerances of the anchor

not indicated in these Annexes shall correspond to the respective values laid down in the technical documentation<sup>6</sup> of this European Technical Approval.

The characteristic values for the design of the anchorages are given in Annexes 4 and 5.

Each anchor is to be marked with identification mark of the producer, the sleeve type, sleeve diameter and sleeve length (anchor length). The marking is imprinted on each anchor sleeve.

The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit. Each package is to be marked with the type of the anchor, e.g. WKREȚ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 or WKREȚ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10.

## **2.2 Methods of verification**

The assessment of the fitness of the anchors for the intended use in relation to the requirements for safety in use in the sense of the Essential Requirement 4 has been made in compliance with the Guideline for European Technical Approval of „*Plastic Anchors for Fixing of External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with Rendering*”, ETAG 014, based on the use categories B, C, D and E.

In addition to the specific clauses relating to dangerous substances contained in this ETA, there may be other requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Construction Products Directive, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

## **3 Evaluation of conformity of the product and CE-marking**

### **3.1 Attestation of conformity system**

The system of attestation of conformity 2 (ii) (allocated to system 2+) according to Council Directive 89/106/EEC Annex III provides:

(a) Tasks of the manufacturer:

- (1) initial type-testing of the product,
- (2) factory production control,
- (3) testing of samples taken at the factory by the manufacturer in accordance with a prescribed test plan.

(b) Tasks of the approved body:

- (4) certification of factory production control on the basis of:
  - initial inspection of factory and of factory production control,
  - continuous surveillance, assessment and approval of factory production control.

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<sup>6</sup> The technical documentation of this European Technical Approval is deposited at Instytut Techniki Budowlanej and, as far as relevant for the tasks of the approved body involved in the attestation of conformity procedure, may be handed over only to the approved body involved.

## 3.2 Responsibilities

### 3.2.1 Tasks of the manufacturer; factory production control

The manufacturer has a factory production control system in the plant and exercises permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer are documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures. The factory production control system ensures that the product is in conformity with the European Technical Approval.

The manufacturer may only use raw materials supplied with the relevant inspection documents as laid down in the control plan<sup>7</sup>. The incoming raw materials may be subjected to controls and tests by the manufacturer before acceptance. Check of incoming materials may include control of inspection documents presented by the manufacturer of the raw materials (comparison with nominal values) by verifying the dimensions and determine the material properties.

The manufactured components of the anchors shall be subjected to the following tests:

- Plastic sleeve ŁF10 made of polypropylene:
  - shape,
  - dimensions (diameter, lengths),
  - markings,
  - properties of polypropylene granules (density, melt mass-flow rate (MFR), DSC-curve),
  - documentation of adjusting data of injection moulding machine,
- Plastic expansion pin T made of glass fibre reinforced polyamide:
  - shape,
  - dimensions (diameter, lengths),
  - properties of polyamide granules (density, melt mass-flow rate (MFR)),
  - documentation of adjusting data of injection moulding machine,
- Metal expansion pin TN:
  - shape,
  - dimensions (diameter, lengths),
  - properties of steel (yield limit, tensile strength),
  - thickness of the zinc coating.
- Visual control of correct assemblage and of completeness of the anchors.

The frequency of controls and tests conducted during production and on the assembled anchors is laid down in the control plan<sup>7</sup> taking account of the manufacturing process of the anchors.

The results of factory production control are recorded and evaluated. The records include at least the following information:

- designation of the product, basic materials and components,
- type of control or testing,

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<sup>7</sup> The control plan has been deposited at Instytut Techniki Budowlanej and may be handed over only to the approved body involved in the conformity attestation procedure.

- date of manufacture of the product and date of testing of the product or basic materials or components,
- result of control and testing and, if appropriate, comparison with requirements,
- signature of person responsible for factory production control.

The records shall be presented to the approved body involved in continuous surveillance. On request they shall be presented to Instytut Techniki Budowlanej. Details of extent, nature and frequency of testing and controls to be performed within the factory production control shall correspond to the control plan<sup>7</sup> which is part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Approval.

### **3.2.2 Tasks of the approved body**

#### **3.2.2.1 Initial inspection of factory and of factory production control**

The approved body shall ascertain that, in accordance with the control plan<sup>7</sup>, the factory, in particular the staff and equipment, and the factory production control are suitable to ensure a continuous and orderly manufacturing of the anchor with the specifications mentioned in 2.1 as well as in the Annexes to the European Technical Approval.

#### **3.2.2.2 Continuous surveillance**

Continuous surveillance and assessment of factory production control have to be performed according to the control plan<sup>7</sup>.

The approved body shall visit the factory at least once a year for surveillance. It has to be verified that the system of factory production control and the specified automated manufacturing process are maintained taking account of the prescribed control plan<sup>7</sup>.

The results of continuous surveillance shall be made available on demand by the approved body to Instytut Techniki Budowlanej.

### **3.3 CE-marking**

The CE-marking shall be affixed on each packaging of the anchor. The symbol „CE” shall be accompanied by the following information:

- identification number of the approved body,
- the name or identification mark of the producer (legal entity responsible for the manufacture),
- the last two digits of the year in which the CE-marking was affixed,
- the number of the EC certificate of the factory production control,
- the number of the ETA,
- the number of the ETAG,
- use categories B, C, D and E according to ETAG 014.

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<sup>7</sup> see page 5

## **4 Assumptions under which the fitness of the product for the intended use was favorably assessed**

### **4.1 Manufacturing**

The anchors are manufactured in accordance with the provisions of the European Technical Approval using the manufacturing process as identified in the inspection of the plant by Instytut Techniki Budowlanej.

The ETA is issued on the basis of agreed data/information, deposited with Instytut Techniki Budowlanej, which identifies the product that has been assessed and judged. Changes to the product or production process, which could result in this deposited data/information being incorrect, should be notified to Instytut Techniki Budowlanej before the changes are introduced. Instytut Techniki Budowlanej will decide whether or not such changes affect the ETA and consequently the validity of the CE marking on the basis of the ETA and if so whether further assessment or alterations to the ETA shall be necessary.

### **4.2 Installation**

#### **4.2.1 Design of anchorages**

##### **4.2.1.1 General**

The ETA only applies to the manufacture and use of the anchors. Verification of stability of the external thermal insulation composite system including application of loads on the anchor and on the additional plate is not subject of this European Technical Approval.

Fitness for the intended use of the anchors is given under the following conditions:

- the design of anchorages is carried out in compliance with Guideline for European Technical Approval of "*Plastic Anchors for Fixing of External Thermal Insulation Composite Systems with Rendering*", ETAG 014, under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages,
- verifiable calculation notes and drawings shall be prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored, the nature and strength of the base materials, the thickness of insulation and the dimensions of the anchorage members as well as of the relevant tolerances.

Proof of direct local application of load on the base material has been delivered.

##### **4.2.1.2 Resistance**

The characteristic values of the tension resistance of the anchors are given in Table 6, Annex 5. If there is a difference to the given characteristic values of the base material or there is a similar base material of category B, C, D or E supposed to be used, the job-site tests according to 4.2.3 shall be carried out and the characteristic tension resistance shall be determined.

##### **4.2.1.3 Characteristic values, spacing and dimensions of anchorage member**

The minimum spacing and dimensions of anchorage member according to Annex 4 shall be observed.

#### 4.2.1.4 Displacement behavior

When loaded to the design values of resistance the displacements  $\delta$  are given in the following Table:

Base material	Bulk density [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Compressive strength [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	$\frac{N_{Rk}}{3}$ , [kN]		$\delta\left(\frac{N_{Rk}}{3}\right)$ , [mm]	
			⊥FN $\phi$ 10	⊥FM $\phi$ 10	⊥FN $\phi$ 10	⊥FM $\phi$ 10
Clay brick	≥ 1,61	≥ 15,0	0,20	0,25	0,90	0,50
Vertically perforated clay bricks	≥ 11,7	≥ 12,0	0,17	0,25	0,90	0,50
Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC	≥ 1,05	≥ 5,0	–	0,30	–	0,55
Autoclaved aerated concrete block AAC 2	≥ 0,35	≥ 2,0	–	0,10	–	0,22
Autoclaved aerated concrete block AAC 6	≥ 0,65	≥ 6,0	–	0,25	–	0,79

#### 4.2.1.5 Plate stiffness according to EOTA Technical Report TR 026

No performance determined.

#### 4.2.1.6 Point thermal transmittance according to EOTA Technical Report TR 025

No performance determined.

#### 4.2.2 Installation of anchor

The fitness for use of the anchor can only be assumed if the following conditions of installation are met:

- anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters on site,
- use of the anchor only as supplied by the manufacturer without exchanging any component of the anchor,
- anchor installation in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and drawings using the tools indicated in this European Technical Approval,
- checks before placing the anchor, to ensure that the characteristic values of the base material in which the anchor is to be placed, is identical with the values, which the characteristic loads apply for,
- observation of the drill method (drill holes in masonry made of clay bricks may be drilled using the rotary – impact driller and drill holes in other, mentioned in Table 6, Annex 5, base materials may be drilled using the rotary driller),
- temperature during installation of the anchor ≥ 0°C.

#### 4.2.3 Job site tests

The characteristic tension resistance of the anchor may be determined by means of job site pull-out tests carried out on the material actually used, if a characteristic resistance of the base material does not exist.



The characteristic resistance of the anchor shall be determined by carrying out at least 15 centric tension load pull-out tests on site. These tests are also possible under the same conditions in a laboratory.

Execution and evaluation of the tests as well as the issue of the test report and the determination of the characteristic resistance should be under the responsibility of approved testing laboratory or the supervision of the person responsible for the execution of the works on site.

Number and position of the anchors to be tested shall be adapted to the relevant special conditions of the site and, for example, to be increased in the case of hidden and larger areas, such that reliable information about the characteristic resistance of the anchor in the base material in question can be derived. The tests shall take into account the most unfavorable conditions of the practical execution.

#### 4.2.3.1 Assembly

The anchor to be tested shall be installed and the spacing and the edge distances shall be in the same way as planned for the fixing of the external thermal insulation composite system.

Depending on the drilling tool and according to ISO 5468, hard metal hammer-drill bits or hard metal percussion drill bits, respectively, shall be used. The cutting diameter shall be at the upper tolerance limit.

#### 4.2.3.2 Execution of test

The test rig used for the pull-out tests shall provide a continuous slow increase of the load, controlled by a calibrated load cell. The load shall be applied perpendicular to the surface of the base material and shall be transmitted to the anchor via a hinge. The reaction forces shall be transmitted into the base material at a distance of at least 15 cm from the anchor. The load shall be increased continuously in a way, that the ultimate load is reached after about 1 minute. The load is measured when the ultimate load ( $N_1$ ) is achieved.

#### 4.2.3.3 Test report

The test report shall include all information necessary to assess the resistance of the tested anchor. It shall be included in the construction work dossier.

The minimum data required are:

- construction site, owner of building, date and location of the tests, air temperature, ETICS to be fixed,
- masonry (type of brick, strength class, all dimensions of bricks, mortar group), visual assessment of masonry (flush joints joint clearance regularity),
- plastic sleeve and plastic or metal expansion pin, value of the cutting diameter of hard metal hammer-drill bits, measured before and after drilling,
- test rig, results of tests including the indication of value  $N_1$ ,
- name and signature of person having performed or supervised the test.

#### 4.2.3.4 Evaluation of test results

The characteristic resistance  $N_{Rk1}$  is derived from the measured values  $N_1$  as follows:

$$N_{Rk1} = 0,6 \cdot N_1 \leq 1,5 \text{ kN},$$

$N_1$  = the mean value of the five smallest measured values at the ultimate load.

#### **4.2.4 Responsibility of the manufacturer**

It is in the responsibility of the manufacturer to ensure that the information on the specific conditions according to 1, 2, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 5 and Annexes is given to those who are concerned. This information may be made by reproduction of the respective parts of the European Technical Approval. In addition, all installation data shall be shown clearly on the packaging and/or on an enclosed instruction sheet, preferably using illustrations.

The minimum data required are:

- base material for the intended use,
- drill bit diameter,
- maximum thickness of the ETICS,
- minimum effective anchorage depth,
- minimum hole depth,
- information on the installation procedure,
- identification of the manufacturing batch.

All data shall be presented in a clear and explicit form.

### **5 Recommendations for the manufacturer**

#### **5.1 Recommendations on packaging, transport and storage**

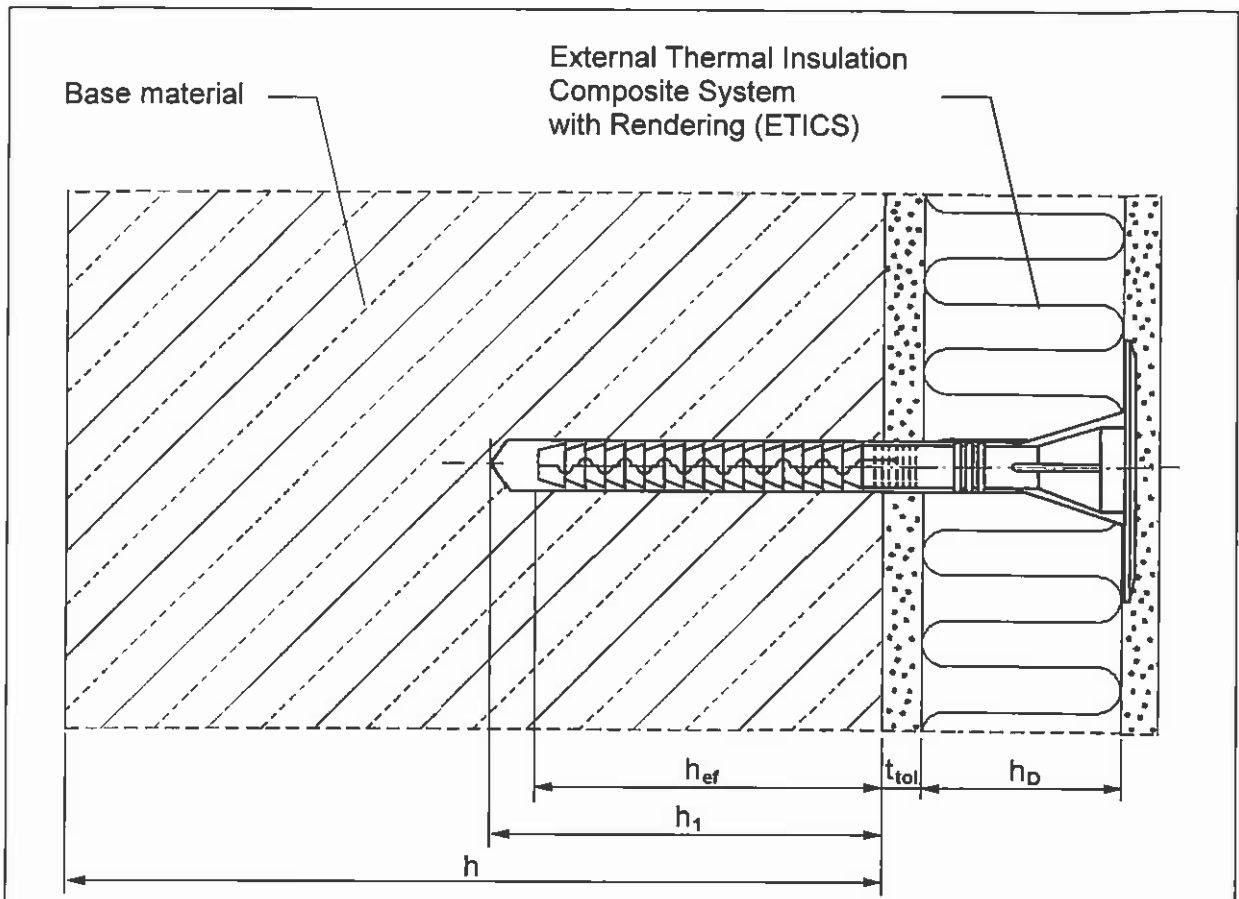
The anchor shall only be packaged and supplied as a complete unit.

The anchor shall be stored under normal climatic conditions. Before installation, it shall not be extremely dried nor frozen.

On behalf of Instytut Techniki Budowlanej



Marek Kaproń  
Director of ITB



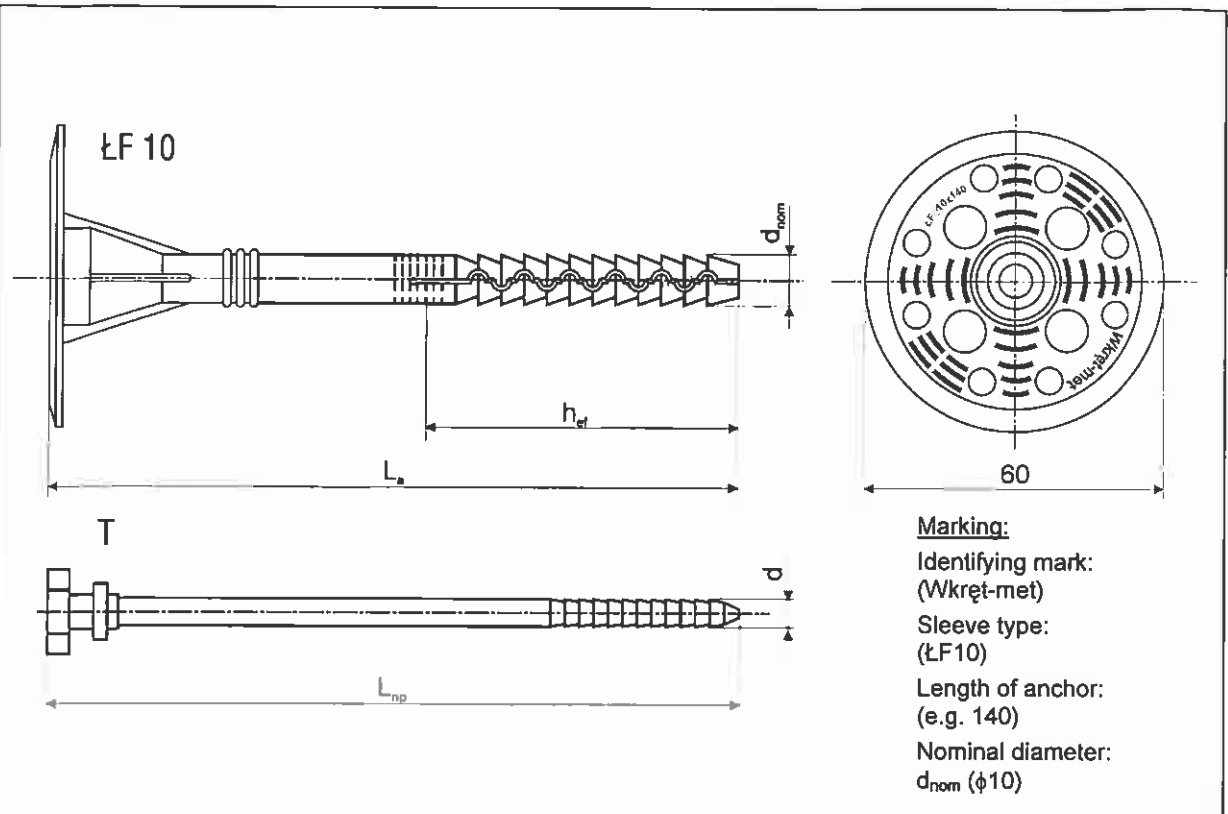
**Intended Use**

Fixing of external thermal insulation composite systems in masonry

**Legend**

- $h_{ef}$  = effective anchorage depth
- $h_1$  = depth of drill hole in base material
- $h$  = thickness of base material
- $h_D$  = thickness of insulation material
- $t_{tol}$  = thickness of equalizing and/or non-load-bearing layer

<p><b>WKREŃ-MET-ŁFN<math>\phi</math>10 and WKREŃ-MET-ŁFM<math>\phi</math>10</b></p>	<p><b>Annex 1</b> of European Technical Approval ETA-06/0105</p>
<p>Intended Use</p>	

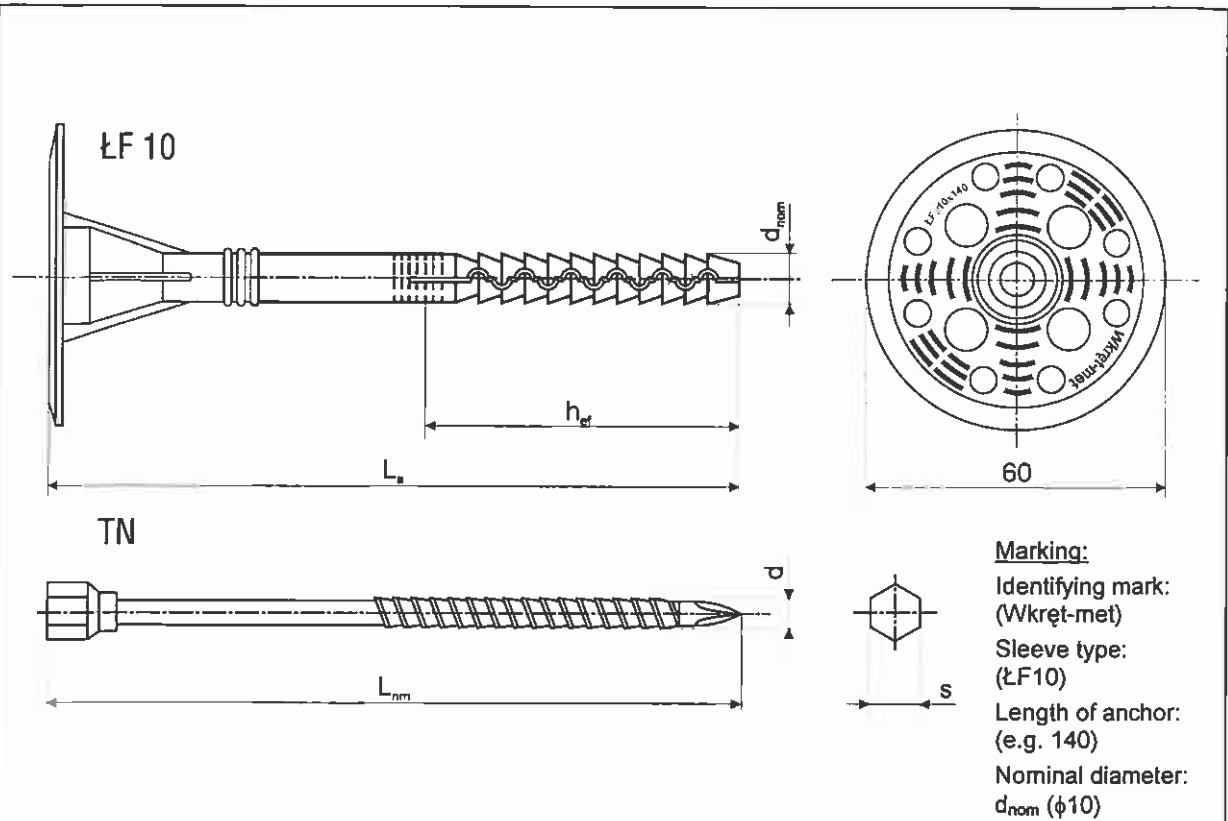


**Table 1: WKREȚ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 anchor types and dimensions [mm]**

Anchor type	Anchor sleeve			Expansion pin	
	$d_{nom}$	$h_{ef}$	$L_a$	$d$	$L_{np}$
ŁFN 10 × 140	10	80	140	5,3	140
ŁFN 10 × 160	10	80	160	5,3	160
ŁFN 10 × 180	10	80	180	5,3	180
ŁFN 10 × 200	10	80	200	5,3	200
ŁFN 10 × 220	10	80	220	5,3	220
ŁFN 10 × 260	10	80	260	5,3	260
ŁFN 10 × 300	10	80	300	5,3	300

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation material:  $h_D = L_a - t_{tol} - h_{ef}$

<b>WKREȚ-MET-ŁFN<math>\phi</math>10 and WKREȚ-MET-ŁFM<math>\phi</math>10</b>	<b>Annex 2</b> of European Technical Approval ETA-06/0105
WKREȚ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10 Types and dimensions	



**Table 2: WKREȚ-MET-ŁFMφ10 anchor types and dimensions [mm]**

Anchor type	Anchor sleeve			Expansion pin	
	d <sub>nom</sub>	h <sub>ef</sub>	L <sub>a</sub>	d	L <sub>nm</sub>
ŁFM 10 × 140	10	80	140	5,2	145
ŁFM 10 × 160	10	80	160	5,2	165
ŁFM 10 × 180	10	80	180	5,2	185
ŁFM 10 × 200	10	80	200	5,2	205
ŁFM 10 × 220	10	80	220	5,2	225
ŁFM 10 × 260	10	80	260	5,2	265
ŁFM 10 × 300	10	80	300	5,2	305

Determination of maximum thickness of insulation material:  $h_D = L_a - t_{tol} - h_{ef}$

<b>WKREȚ-MET-ŁFNφ10 and WKREȚ-MET-ŁFMφ10</b>	<b>Annex 3</b> of European Technical Approval ETA-06/0105
WKREȚ-MET-ŁFMφ10 Types and dimensions	

**Table 3: Materials**

Designation	Material
Anchor sleeve ŁF10	Polypropylene, white
Expansion pin T	Glass fibre reinforced polyamide PA6 GF 30, black or grey
Expansion pin TN	Carbon steel ( $f_{y,k} = 190$ MPa, $f_{t,k} = 310$ MPa) galvanised $\geq 5 \mu\text{m}$ according to EN ISO 4042, white chromated, with head coating of polyamide PA6, grey

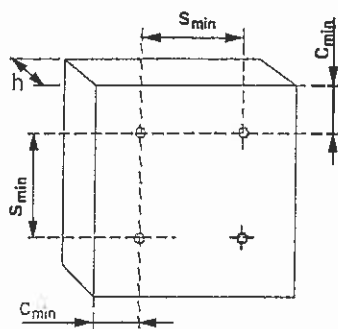
**Table 4: Installation characteristics**

Anchor type		ŁFN $\phi$ 10 and ŁFM $\phi$ 10
Nominal diameter of drill bit	$d_o$ [mm]	10
Cutting diameter of drill bit	$d_{cut}$ [mm]	$\leq 10,45$
Depth of drill hole	$h_1$ [mm]	$\geq 90$
Effective anchorage depth	$h_{ef}$ [mm]	$\geq 80$

**Table 5: Minimum thickness of base material, edge distance and anchor spacing**

Anchor type		ŁFN $\phi$ 10 and ŁFM $\phi$ 10
Minimum thickness of base material	$h$ [mm]	100
Minimum spacing	$s_{min}$ [mm]	100
Minimum edge distance	$c_{min}$ [mm]	100

Diagram of spacing

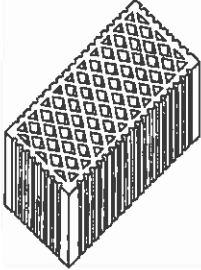


**WKREĆ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10  
 and WKREĆ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10**

Materials, installation characteristics,  
 minimum thickness of base material,  
 edge distance and spacing

**Annex 4**  
 of European  
 Technical Approval  
 ETA-06/0105

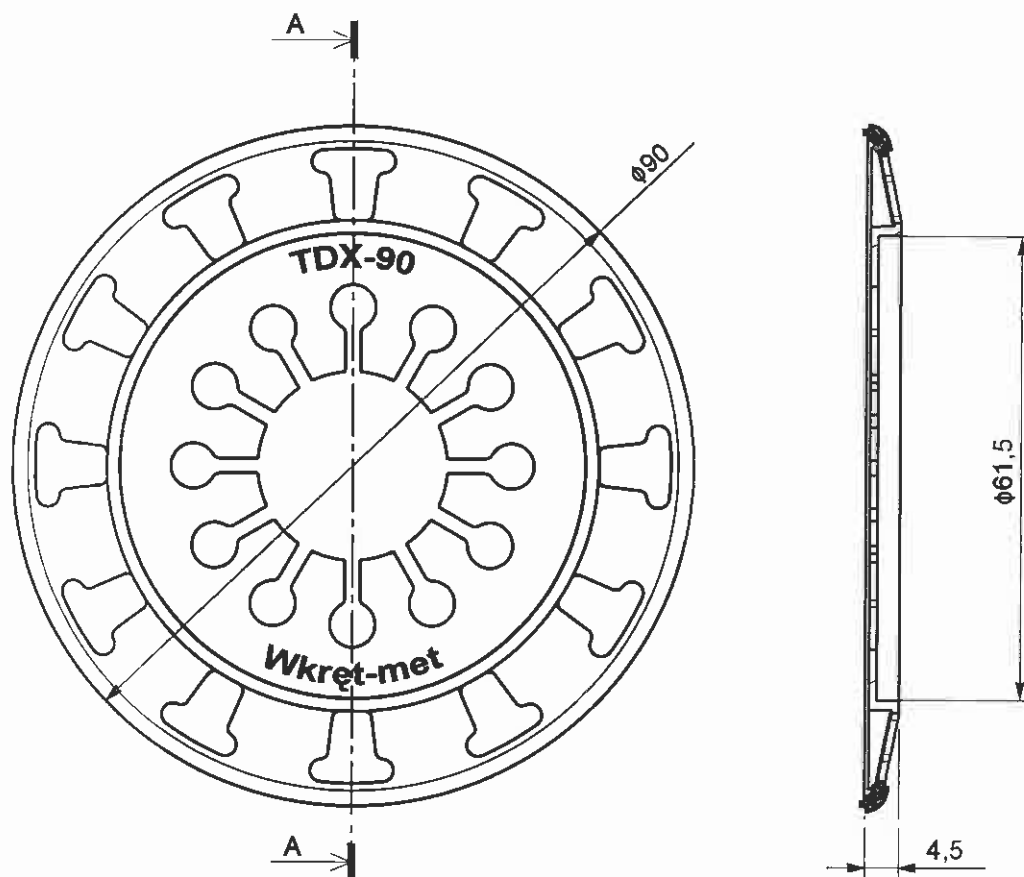
**Table 6: Characteristic resistance to tension loads  $N_{Rk}$ , kN in masonry for single anchor**

Base material	Bulk density class [kg/dm <sup>3</sup> ]	Compressive strength [N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Referring standard	$N_{Rk}$ [kN]	
				$\xi_{FN\phi 10}$	$\xi_{FM\phi 10}$
Clay bricks	$\geq 1,61$	$\geq 15,0$	EN 771-1	0,60	0,75
Vertically perforated clay bricks 	$\geq 11,7$	$\geq 12,0$	EN 771-1	0,50	0,75
Lightweight aggregate concrete LAC	$\geq 1,05$	$\geq 5,0$	EN 771-3	–	0,90
Autoclaved aerated concrete block AAC 2	$\geq 0,35$	$\geq 2,0$	EN 771-4	–	0,30
Autoclaved aerated concrete block AAC 6	$\geq 0,65$	$\geq 6,0$	EN 771-4	–	0,75
Partial safety factor for anchor resistance, $\gamma_M$ <sup>1)</sup>	2,0				
<sup>1)</sup> Valid in absence of national regulations					

**WKREȚ-MET- $\xi_{FN\phi 10}$   
and WKREȚ-MET- $\xi_{FM\phi 10}$**

Characteristic resistance

**Annex 5**  
of European  
Technical Approval  
ETA-06/0105



**Table 7: Additional plates TDX-90 and TDX-P-90**

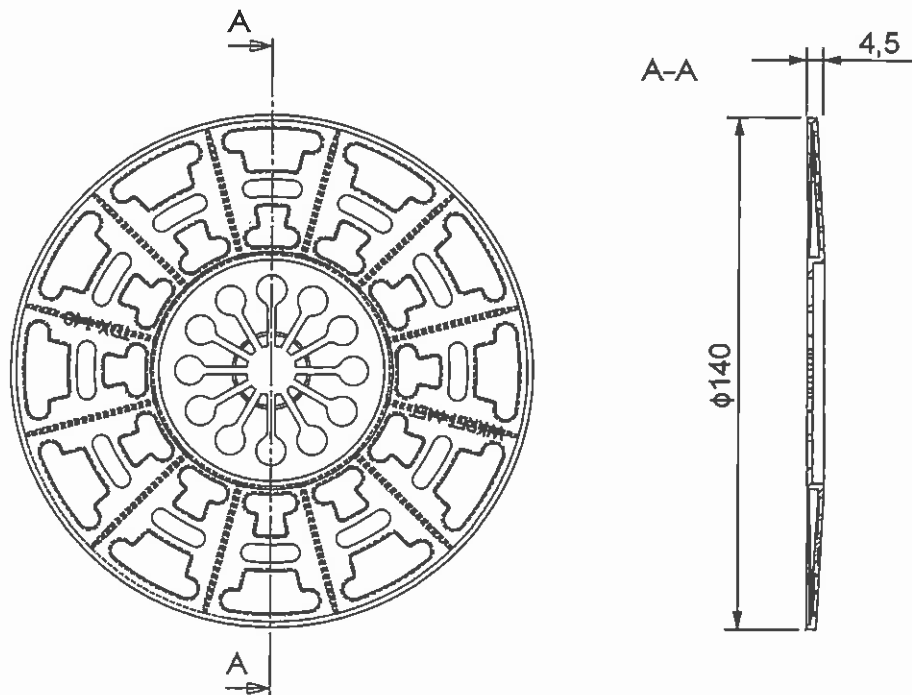
Plate type	Outer diameter [mm]	Material
TDX-90	90	Polyamide PA6, grey or natural
TDX-P-90	90	Polyethylene, grey or natural

**WKRĘT-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10  
 and WKRĘT-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10**

Additional plates TD-90 and TDX-P-90

**Annex 6**  
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**Table 8: Additional plates TDX-140 and TDX-P-140**

Plate type	Outer diameter [mm]	Material
TDX-140	140	Polyamide PA6, grey or natural
TDX-P-140	140	Polyethylene, grey or natural

**WKREŃ-MET-ŁFN $\phi$ 10  
 and WKREŃ-MET-ŁFM $\phi$ 10**

Additional plates TDX-140 and TDX-P-140

**Annex 7**  
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